Tapley Jordanwood Private Health Sector Convention November 13, 2019

# **SUMMARY OF MODELS**

Scale	Type of Services	Level
<ul> <li>Primary:</li> <li>100+ clinics</li> <li>100 - 12,000 + providers</li> <li>Upwards of 450,000 outpatient visits/year</li> <li>Secondary/Tertiary:</li> <li>1 - 12+ in one network</li> <li>Surgery output ranges from 4000 (cardiac) to 285,000 cataract surgeries per year</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maternity care &amp; delivery services</li> <li>Family planning</li> <li>General medicine &amp; surgery</li> <li>Preventive services</li> <li>Emergency transport services</li> <li>Specialized services (i.e. nephrology, cardiac care, eye care)</li> </ul>	Primary: 6 Sec/Tertiary: 5 Mixed: 1 Other: 1

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# **Key Findings**

## **VALUE PROPOSITION**

#### **Common Themes**

- Clearly defined and focused set of services and products
- Affordable services and products at below market rates

## **Primary Care Level**

- Ease of access by contact points at village level that are familiar and connected to higher level services
- Facilitated access to higher levels or care

#### **Secondary Care Level**

High quality services at affordable prices

## **STANDARDIZATION**

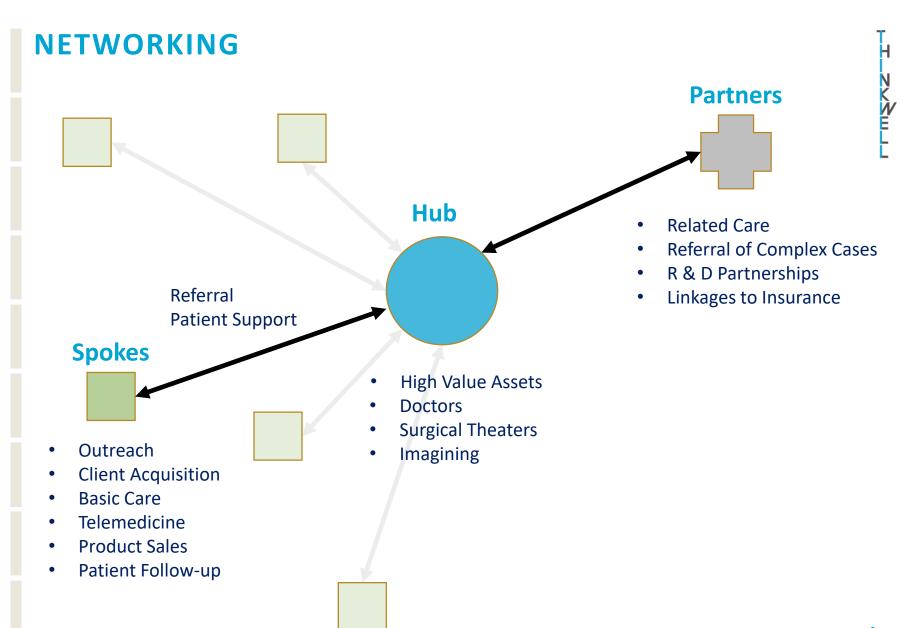
#### **Common Themes**

- Highly standardized protocols for service delivery
- Standardized staffing structures to deliver services
- Training provided to on protocols to increase compliance

#### **Primary Care Level**

Clear roles for primary care providers in the context of overall service package

- Assembly line style of service delivery
- High degree of task shifting to focus specialists on key tasks



## QUALITY AND PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT

#### **Common Theme:**

- SOPs drive quality, efficiency, and cost saving improvements
- Training provided to staff to ensure understanding of SOPs and compliance mechanisms

#### **Primary Care Level**

- Protocols designed for level human resource capacity
- Telemedicine provide expert opinions remotely
- Providers in the network required to comply with quality standards to remain in the network or receive performance benefits

- High volume repetition of complex procedures (cardiac surgeries and cataract procedures) strengthens quality
- Daily process tracing to monitor key quality outcomes
- Benchmarking against other facilities

## **CUSTOMER ACQUISITION AND ORIENTATION**

#### **Common Themes**

- Leverage reputation for high quality at reduced costs of attract clients
- Collection of customer feedback and a focus on client satisfaction metrics
- Training of provider staff in customer orientation strategies

#### **Primary Care Level**

- Leveraging existing networks of private providers to attract clients
- Use of informal or outreach workers at the community level as the first point of contact or referral
- Empowering customers to demand quality services through health promoters at the community level

- Conduct outreach camps in remote areas to screen and identify clients
- Provide transportation support to and from the treatment facility

### **EFFICIENCY**

#### **Common Themes**

- Standardized services within a network allow for appropriate allocation of resources
- Maximization of high cost resources (i.e. doctors) through task shifting

## **Primary Care Level**

 Use of technology and telemedicine to bring higher level services to community level

- "No fringe" models of service delivery by providing most basic/necessary services and commodities to reduce costs
- Efficient commodity procurement and research/development of products
- Innovative equipment procurement by allowing vendors to "park" their equipment onsite instead of purchasing
- Renting and leasing of land and buildings instead of new construction
- Leveraging economies of scale/ patient volumes to reduce unit costs

## PRICING STRATEGIES

#### **Primary Care Level**

- Below market pricing is common across primary care networks
- Increase access for all to services through reduced costs rather than targeting of subsidies
- Delivery models that provide donor financed subsidies have not done well after grant funding is withdrawn.
- Cross subsidies from wealthy to poor clients at primary level have not worked

- Cross subsidization strategies at the secondary level for complex and costly services (cardiac surgery, cataract procedures) have been used by some models.
- Wealthy clients pay more to receive amenities such as private rooms

# Thank You

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